Amendments to the Claims

The listing of claims below is intended to replace all prior listings of claims presented in the above-identified application.

1. (Currently Amended) A method of preventing or treating Alzheimer's Disease in a subject comprising:

administering to the subject an agent which inhibits interaction between amyloid- β peptide and proteins which chaperone amyloid- β apolipoprotein E, compared to when the agent is absent, under conditions effective to prevent or treat Alzheimer's Disease in the subject.

2-3 (Canceled)

- 4. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim $\frac{3}{2}$, wherein the agent is a protein or a peptidomimetic.
- 5. (Original) The method according to claim 4, wherein the agent is a protein comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 3 or 4.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the agent has a three dimensional structure like that corresponding to the three dimensional structure of a protein comprising having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 3 or 4.
- 7. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the agent is a protein comprising an amino acid sequence of at least 5 of the amino acids, in sequence, of SEQ ID NOs: 3 or 4.
- 8. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the agent is a protein comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 3 or 4, wherein the protein is prepared with D-amino acids, an amidated C-terminus, or an acetylated N-terminus.

- 9. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said administering is carried out orally, intradermally, intramuscularly, intraperitoneally, intravenously, subcutaneously, or intranasally.
- 10. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein Alzheimer's Disease is prevented.
- 11. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein Alzheimer's Disease is treated.
- 12. (Currently Amended) A method of inhibiting accumulation of amyloid-β peptide deposits in a subject's brain comprising:

administering to the subject an agent which inhibits interaction between amyloid- β peptide and proteins which chaperone amyloid- β apolipoprotein E, compared to when the agent is absent, under conditions effective to inhibit accumulation of amyloid- β peptide deposits in the subject's brain.

13-14 (Canceled)

- 15. (Original) The method according to claim 12, wherein the agent is a protein or a peptidomimetic.
- 16. (Original) The method according to claim 15, wherein the agent is a protein comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 2 or 3.
- 17. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 12, wherein the agent has a three dimensional structure like that corresponding to the three dimensional structure of a protein comprising having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 2 or 3.
- 18. (Original) The method according to claim 12, wherein the agent is a protein comprising an amino acid sequence of at least 5 of the amino acids, in sequence, of SEQ ID NOs: 3 or 4.

- 19. (Original) The method according to claim 12, wherein the agent is a protein comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 3 or 4, wherein the protein is prepared with D-amino acids, an amidated C-terminus, or an acetylated N-terminus.
- 20. (Original) The method according to claim 12, wherein said administering is carried out orally, intradermally, intramuscularly, intraperitoneally, intravenously, subcutaneously, or intranasally.
- 21. (Withdrawn) A method of inhibiting interaction between apolipoprotein E and amyloid-β comprising:

administering an agent which blocks interaction of apolipoprotein E and amyloid-β under conditions effect to block such interaction.

- 22. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 21, wherein the agent is a protein or a peptidomimetic.
- 23. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 21, wherein the agent is a protein comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 3 or 4.
- 24. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 21, wherein the agent has a three dimensional structure like that of a protein comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 3 or 4.
- 25. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 21, wherein the agent is a protein comprising an amino acid sequence of at least 5 of the amino acids, in sequence, of SEQ ID NOs: 3 or 4.
- 26. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 21, wherein the agent is a protein comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 3 or 4, wherein the protein is prepared with D-amino acids, an amidated C-terminus, or an acetylated N-terminus.